

Sharp stability of the planar Brunn-Minkowski inequality

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Abstract:

We'll consider recent results concerning the stability of the classic Brunn-Minkowski inequality. In particular, we will look at the proof of sharp stability for sets in the plane. Assuming that the Brunn-Minkowski deficit $\delta = |A + B|^{\frac{1}{2}} / (|A|^{\frac{1}{2}} + |B|^{\frac{1}{2}}) - 1$ is sufficiently small in terms of $t = |A|^{\frac{1}{2}} / (|A|^{\frac{1}{2}} + |B|^{\frac{1}{2}})$, there exist homothetic convex sets $K_A \supset A$ and $K_B \supset B$ such that $\frac{|K_A \setminus A|}{|A|} + \frac{|K_B \setminus B|}{|B|} \leq Ct^{-\frac{1}{2}}\delta^{\frac{1}{2}}$. The key ingredient is to show for every $\epsilon, t > 0$, if δ is sufficiently small then $|\text{co}(A + B) \setminus (A + B)| \leq (1 + \epsilon)(|\text{co}(A) \setminus A| + |\text{co}(B) \setminus B|)$. This talk is based on joint work with Hunter Spink and Marius Tiba.